

# An Overview of the Hull Husbandry Practices and Fouling-Related Voyage Characteristics of California's Commercial Fleet



Chris Scianni

Marine Invasive Species Program  
California State Lands Commission  
Prevention First, October 20, 2010



# Ship Biofouling in CA





# Ship Biofouling in CA

2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

## Marine Invasive Species Act (2003) Assembly Bill 433

- Added PRC Section 71210.5
- Required CSLC to evaluate non-ballast water vessel vectors
  - Essentially fouling of vessel hulls, sea chests, gratings, propellers, etc.
  - In consultation with Technical Advisory Group
  - Prepare report on or before March 1, 2006



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## Fouling Technical Advisory Group

### Information Sharing

### Recommendation Development

Workshop  
May 11, 2005



Meeting #2  
August 3



Meeting #3  
October 13



Meeting #4  
December 19

Presentations/  
Discussion

Information  
sharing  
inclusive  
of recreational  
fouling

Discussion:  
Focus on  
commercial  
vessels

Fouling risk  
factors

Commercial  
vessel  
maintenance  
frameworks

Potential  
management  
frameworks for  
CA:

Research?  
Regulations?  
Best Management  
Practices?

Potential  
Management  
Frameworks

Pros?  
Cons?

Areas of  
Agreement

# Ship Biofouling in CA

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- 2006 Legislative Report
- Lack of data, especially for U.S. Pacific coast
- Limited information on hull husbandry practices
- Requested authority to fill information gaps

CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION REPORT ON  
**COMMERCIAL VESSEL FOULING IN  
CALIFORNIA:**

ANALYSIS, EVALUATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO REDUCE  
NONINDIGENOUS SPECIES RELEASE FROM THE  
NON-BALLAST WATER VECTOR

Produced for the  
California State Legislature

By  
L. Takata, M. Falkner and S. Gilmore  
California State Lands Commission  
Marine Facilities Division  
April 2006

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## Assembly Bill 740 (2007)

- Defined “regular removal” of fouling organisms
- In-water cleaning must use best available technology economically achievable
- Expanded CSLC authority
  - Fill information gaps
    - Fund targeted research
    - Collect hull husbandry data
  - Develop and adopt regulations
    - By January 1, 2012
    - In consultation with TAG





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## Hull Husbandry Reporting Form

- Developed in consultation with TAG (Dec 2007)
- Distributed to industry Jan 2008
- Mandatory annual submission
- Eleven questions
- Two sections:
  - Hull husbandry information
  - Voyage characteristics

Print

California State Lands Commission  
Marine Invasive Species Program  
Hull Husbandry Reporting Form  
Public Resources Code – 71205(e) and 71205(f)  
June 6, 2008  
Part I: Reporting Form

Vessel Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Official / IMO Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
Responsible Officer's Name and Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date Submitted (Day/Month/Year): \_\_\_\_\_

**Hull Husbandry Information**

1. Since delivery, has this vessel ever been removed from the water for maintenance?  
Yes ☐ No ☐

a. If Yes, enter the date and location of the most recent out-of-water maintenance:  
Last date out of water (Day/Month/Year): \_\_\_\_\_  
Port or Position: \_\_\_\_\_ Country: \_\_\_\_\_

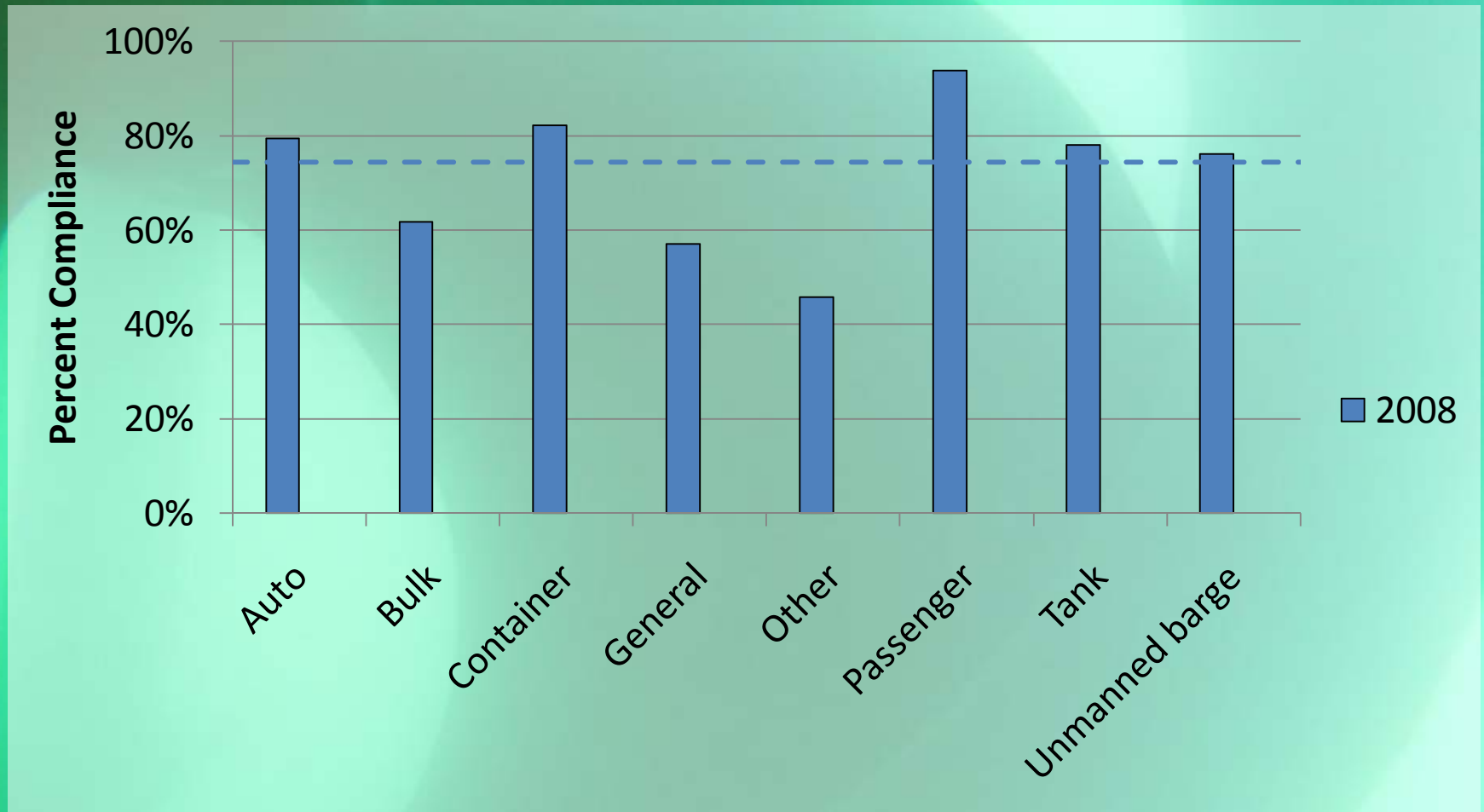
b. If No, enter the delivery date and location where the vessel was built:  
Delivery date (Day/Month/Year): \_\_\_\_\_  
Port or Position: \_\_\_\_\_ Country: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Were the submerged portions of the vessel coated with an anti-fouling treatment or coating during the **out-of-water** maintenance or shipbuilding process listed above?  
Yes, full coat applied ☐  
Yes, partial coat ☐ Date last full coat applied (Day/Month/Year): \_\_\_\_\_  
No coat applied ☐ Date last full coat applied (Day/Month/Year): \_\_\_\_\_

3. For the most recent **full coat** application of anti-fouling treatment, what type of anti-fouling treatment was applied and to which specific **sections** of the submerged portion of the vessel was it applied?

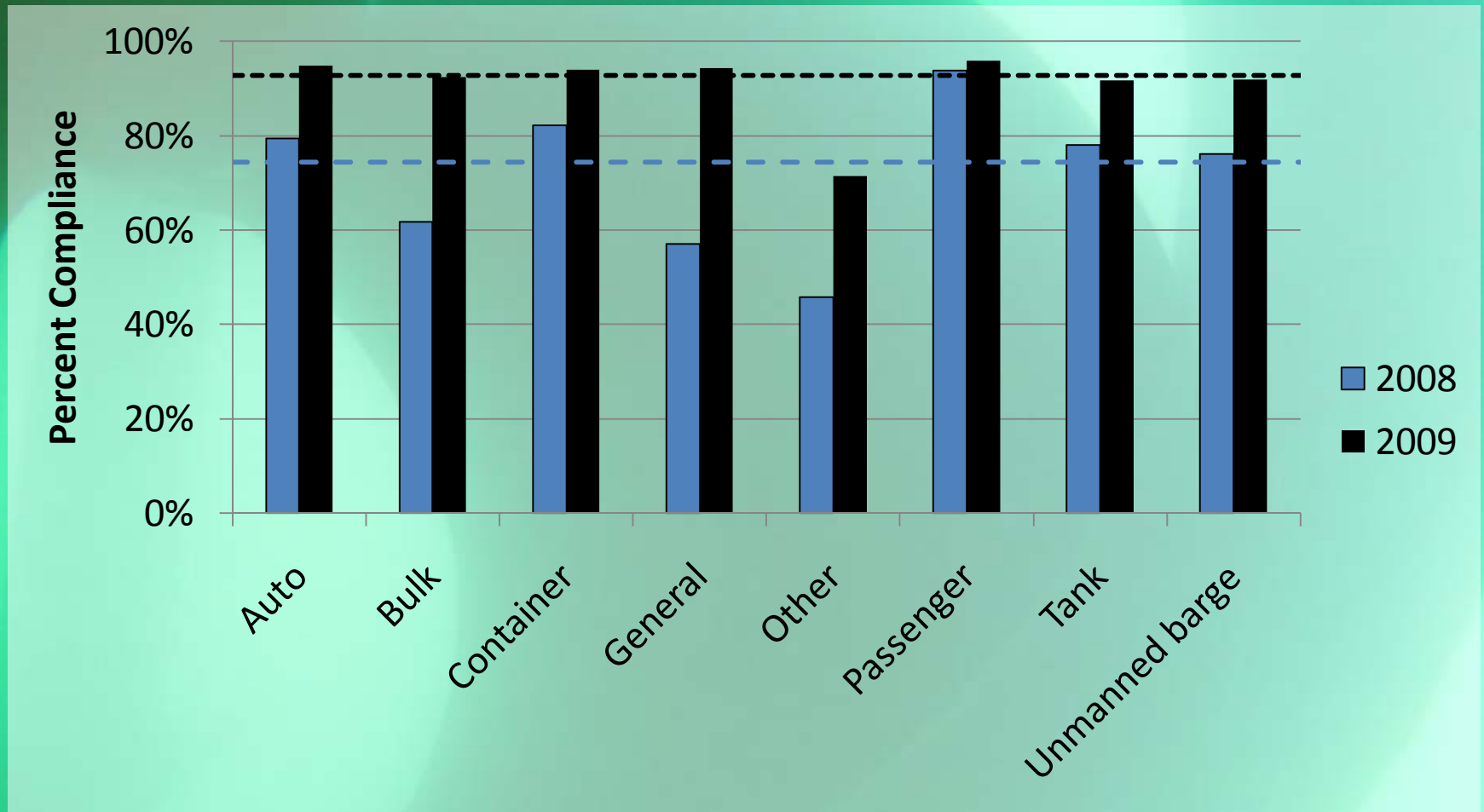
Manufacturer/Company: \_\_\_\_\_  
Product Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Applied on (Check all that apply): Hull Sides ☐ Hull Bottom ☐ Sea Chests ☐  
Sea Chest Gratings ☐ Propeller ☐ Rope Guard/Propeller Shaft ☐  
Previous Docking Blocks ☐ Thrusters ☐ Rudder ☐ Bilge Keels ☐

# HHRF Submission Compliance



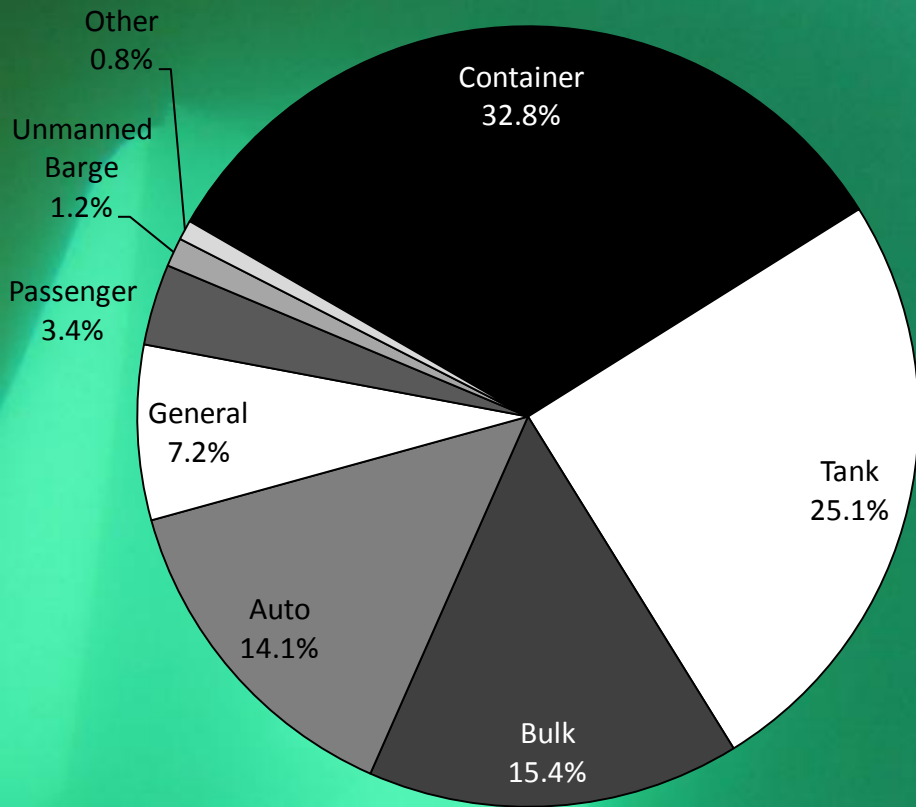


# HHRF Submission Compliance

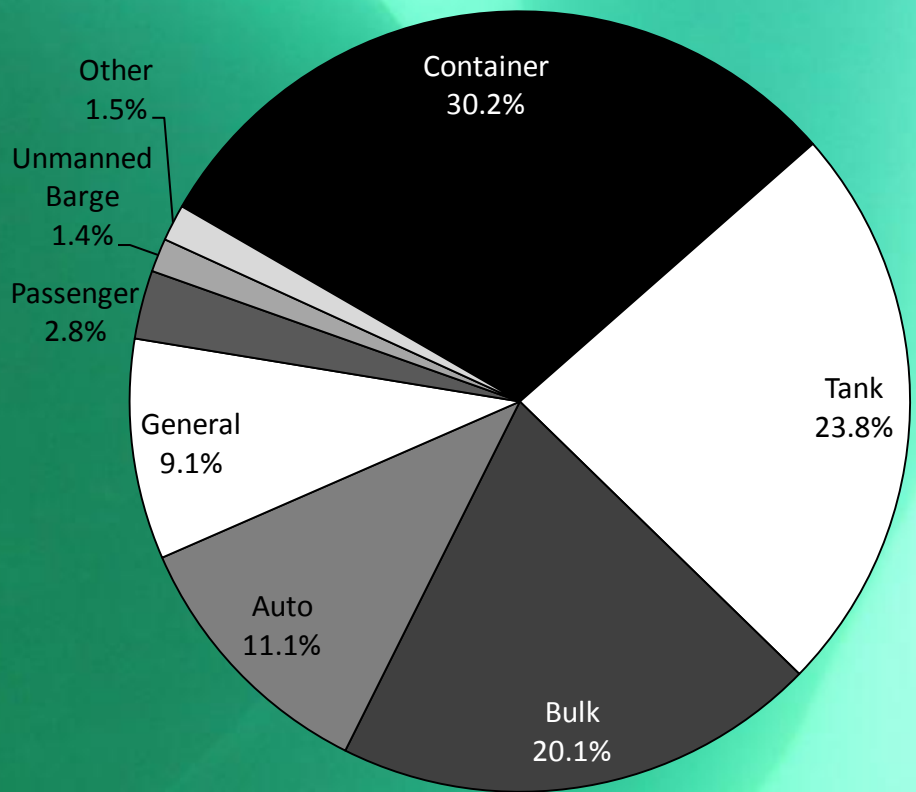


# California Vessel Population

**2008**



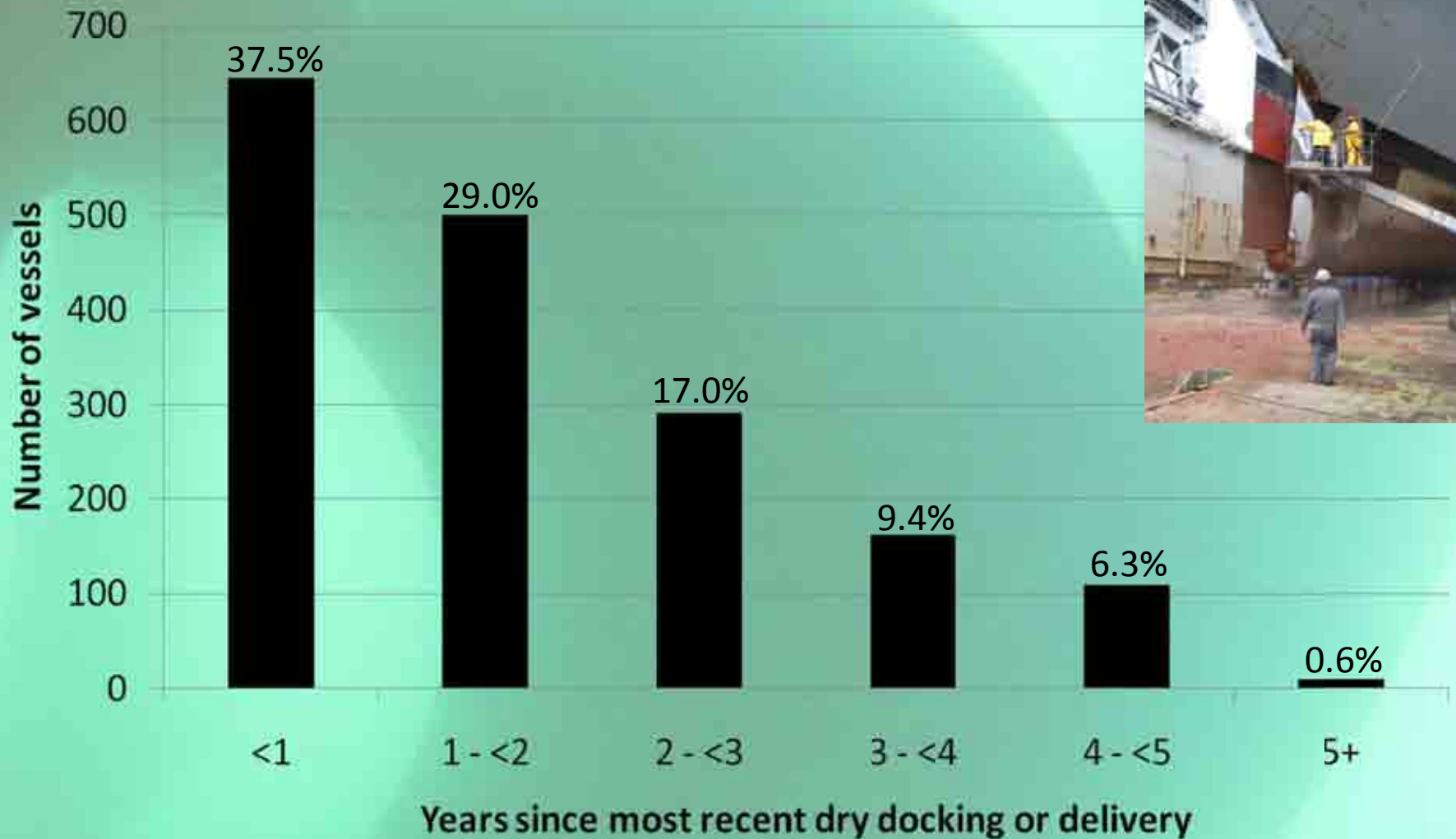
**\*2009\***



# Hull Husbandry Information

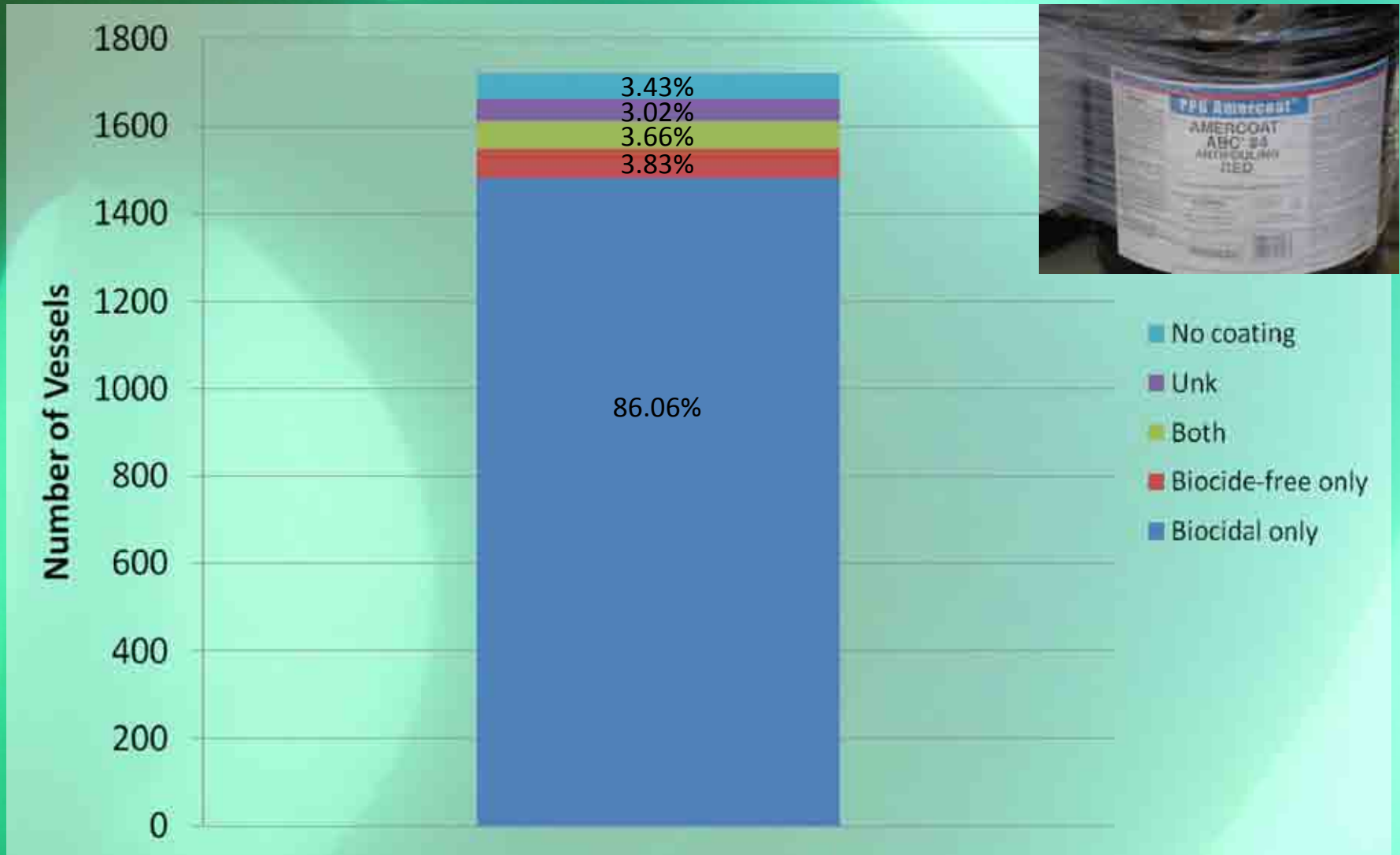


# Vessels dry docked or delivered within each of the past 5 years

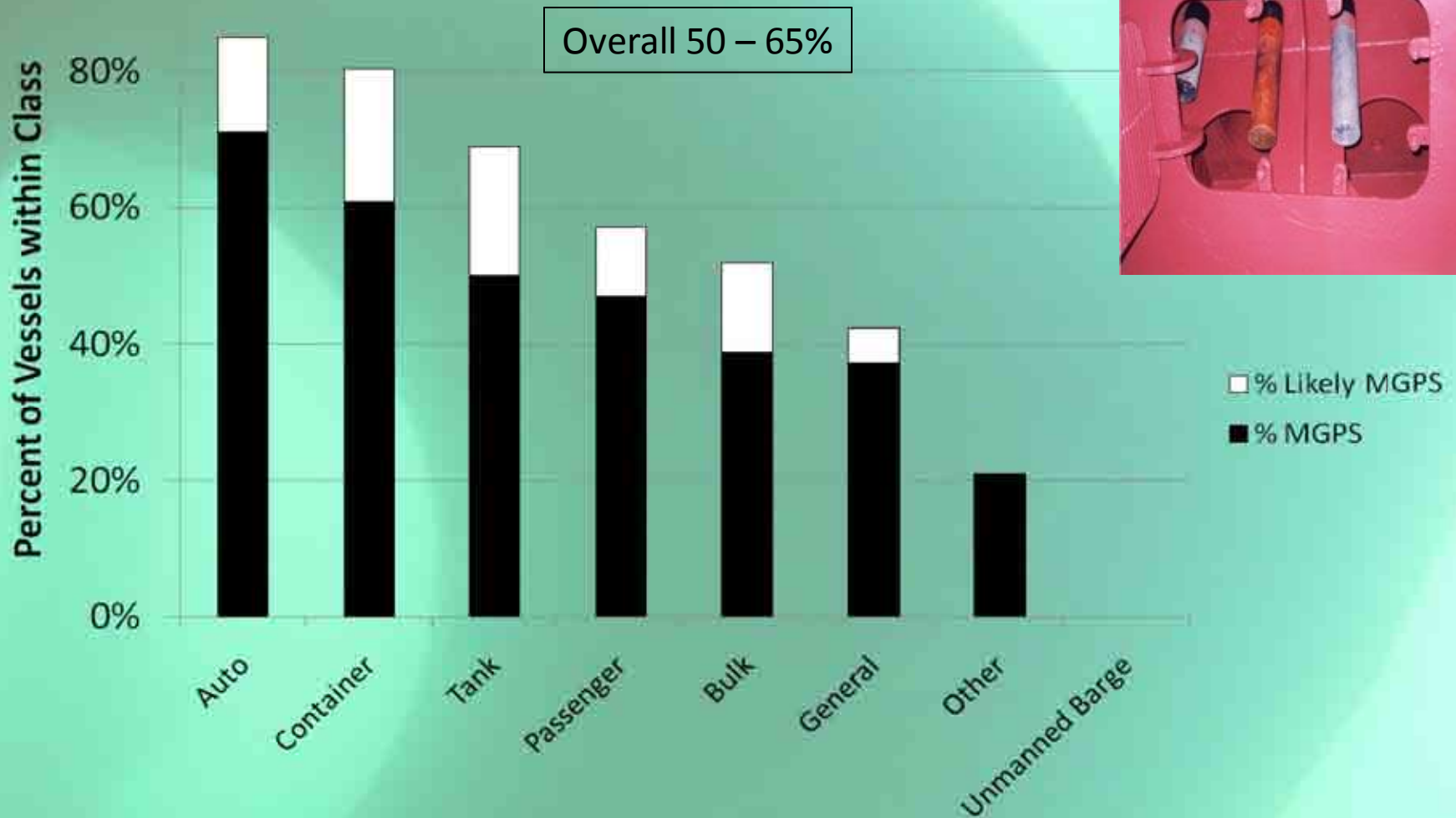




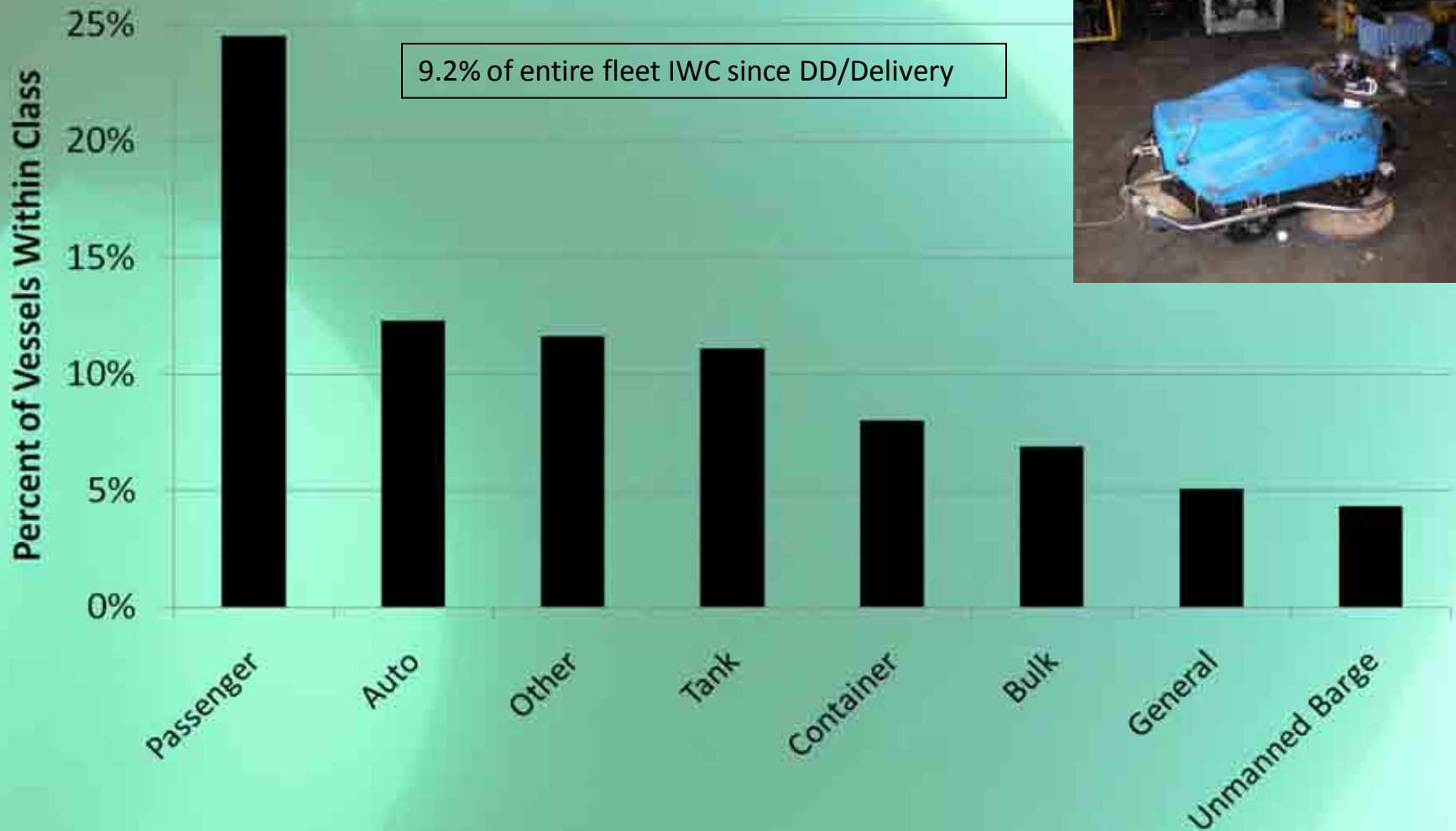
# Per Ship Antifouling Coating Use



# Percent of Vessels within Class with MGPS Installed



# In-Water Cleaning by Vessel Class



# Hull Husbandry Practices Overview

- Majority dry docked or delivered within past 2 years
- 86% of vessels used strictly biocidal AF
  - 7.5% used biocide-free AF
- 50-65% of vessels utilizing MGPS
- 10% cleaned IW since DD/Delivery
  - Including 25% of Passenger vessels
  - 6.54% were cleaned in CA waters

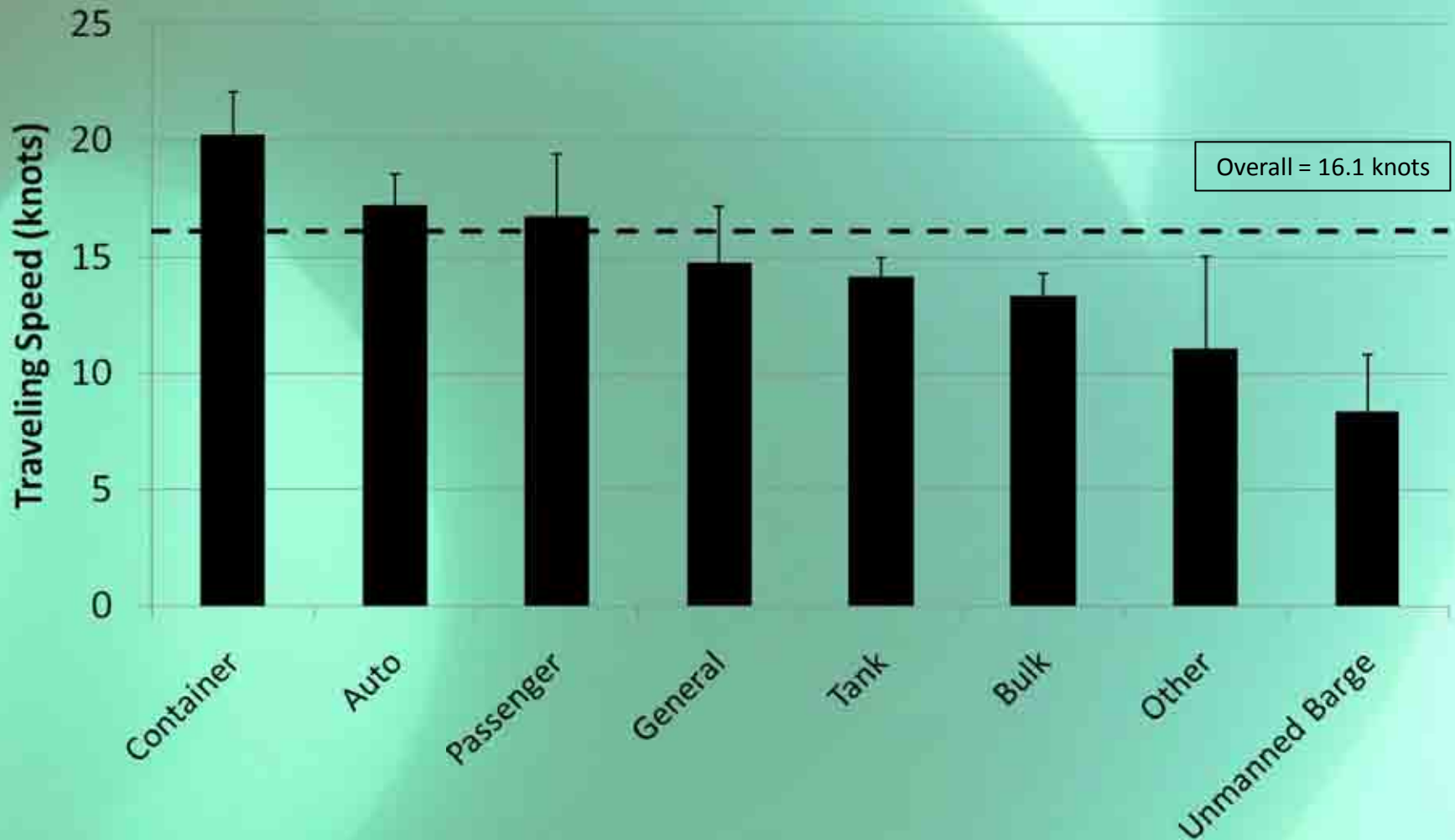




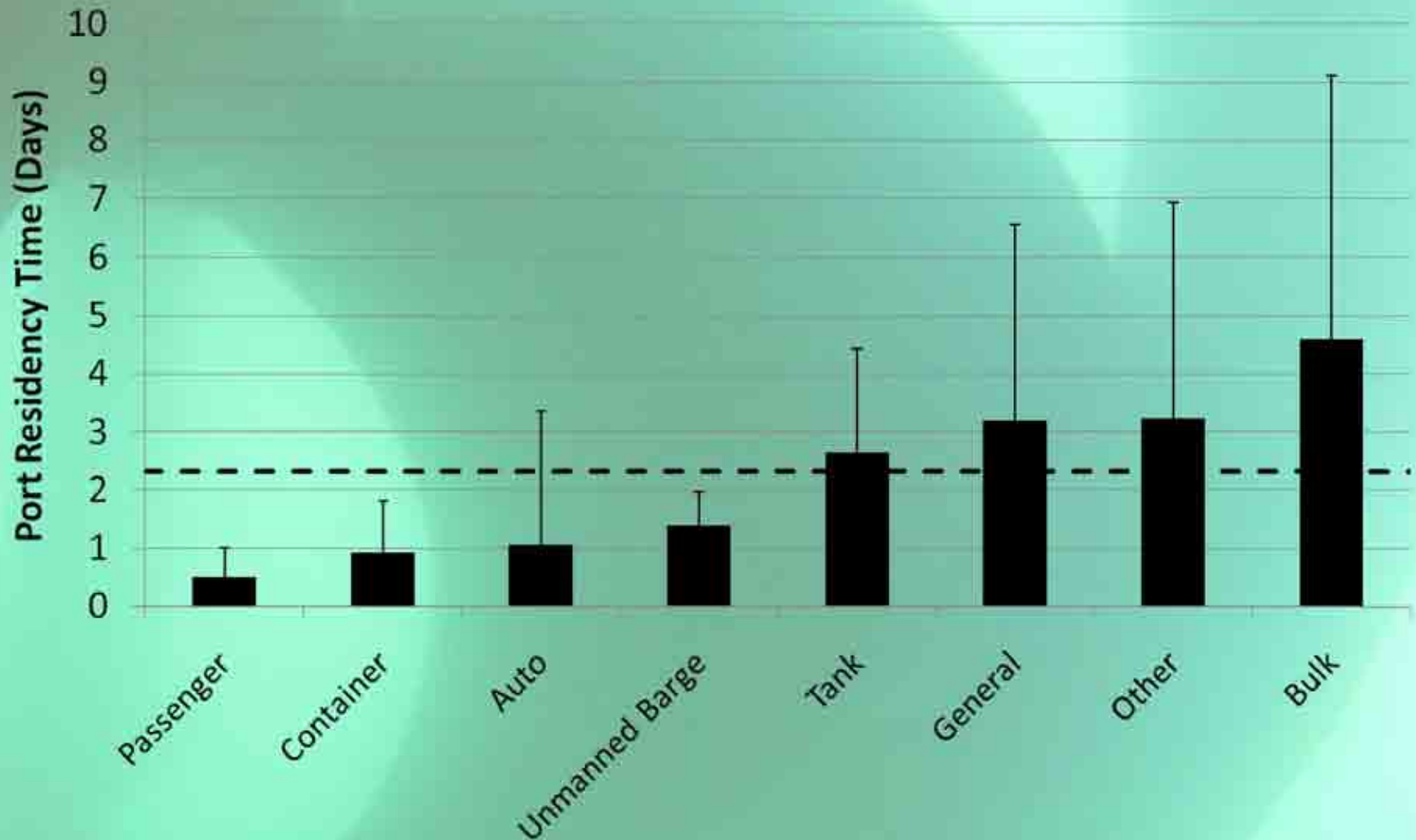
# Voyage Characteristics



# Mean Traveling Speed (knots)



# Mean Port Residency Time (days)



# Traveling Speed and Port Residency

- Auto, Container, & Passenger vessels all exhibited characteristics thought to result in lower potential for fouling accumulation
  - Travel at elevated speeds (16.8 knots and greater)
  - Short port residency times (average 1.06 days or shorter)
- Bulkers, and 'Other' vessels all exhibited characteristics thought to result in greater potential for fouling accumulation
  - Travel at slower speeds (averaged 13.3 knots or slower)
  - Long port residency times (average 3.2 days or greater)

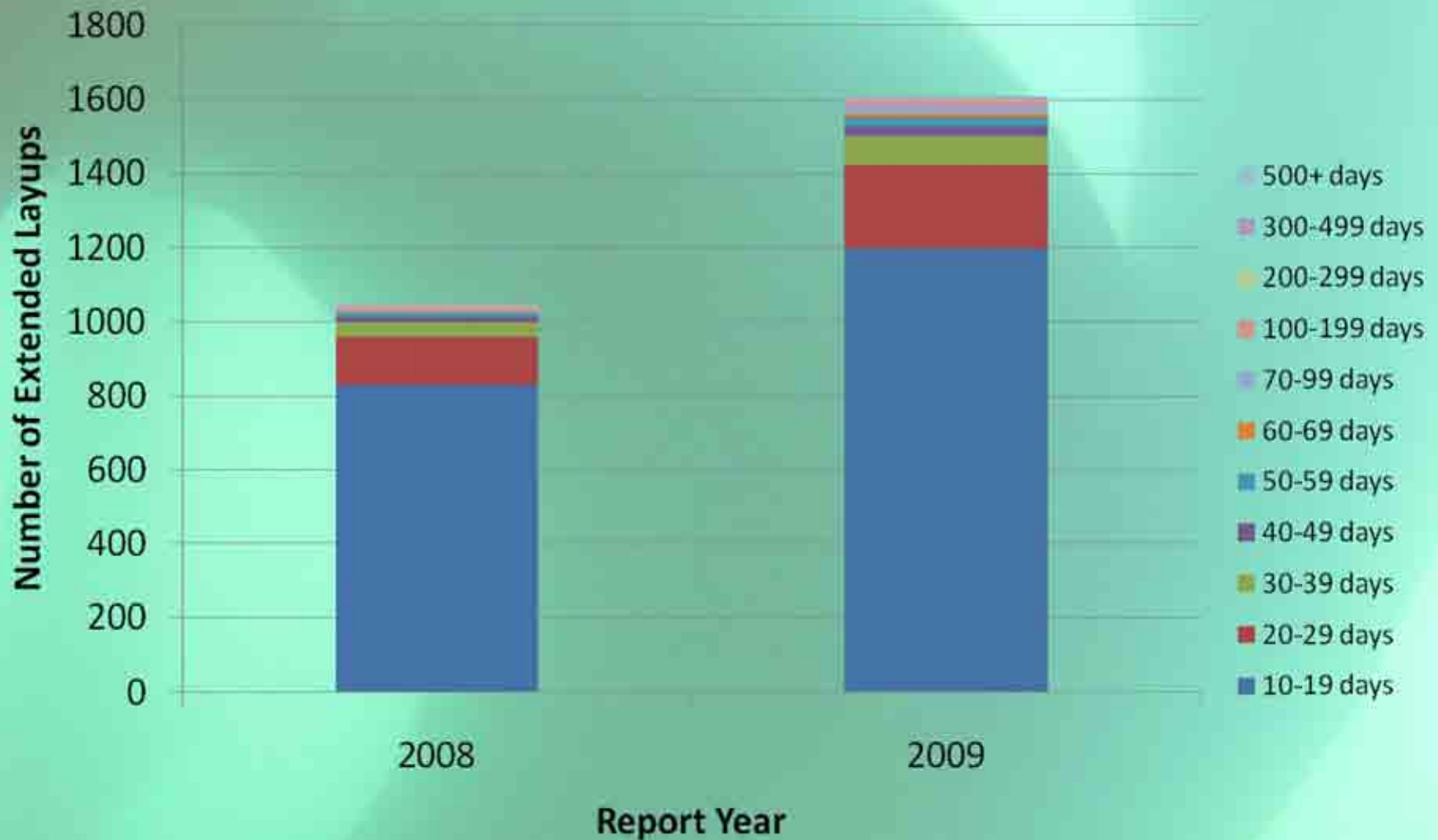




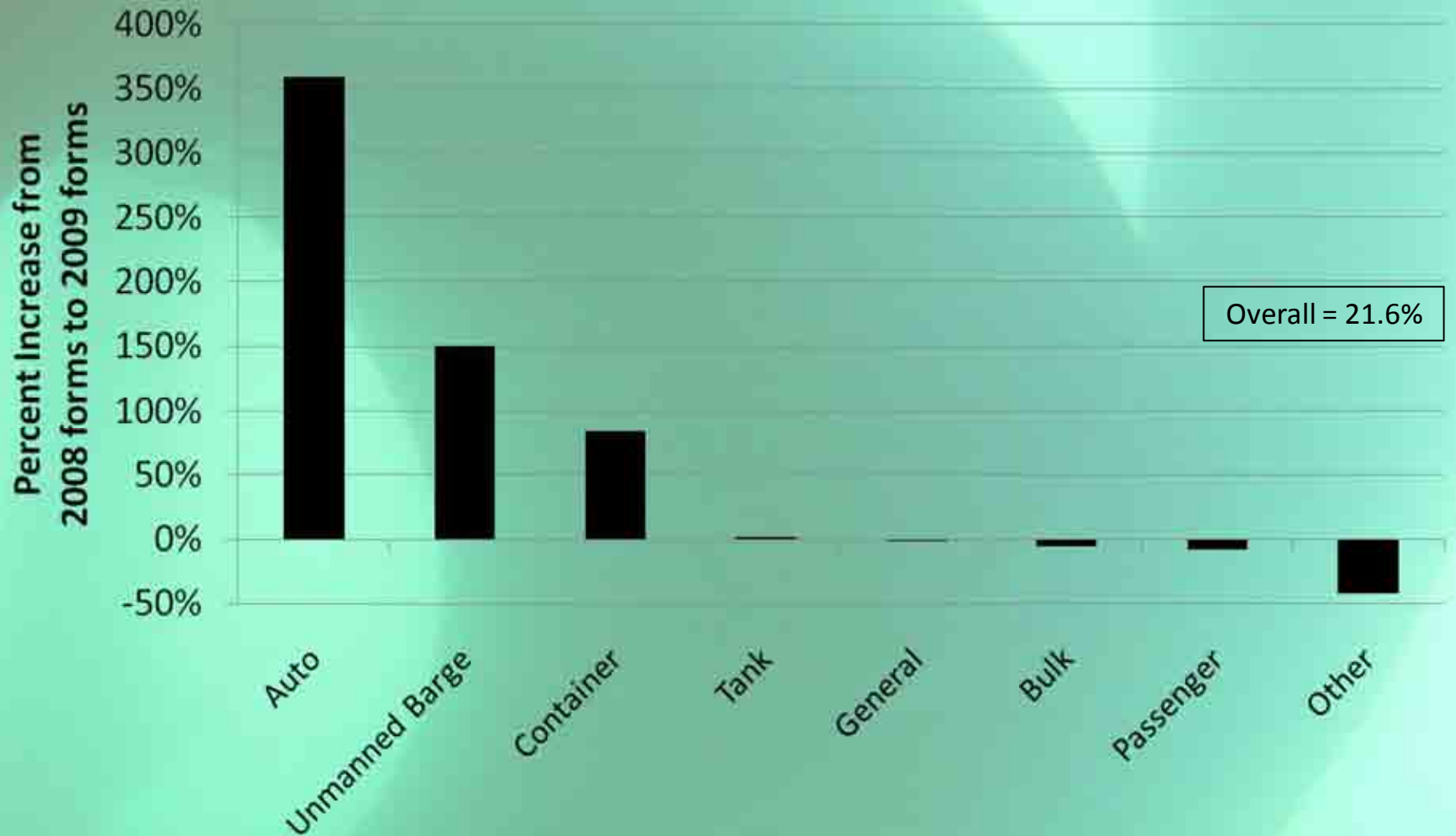
Floerl and Coutts (2009)  
Port of Singapore, May 2009. Images: A. Coutts, May 2009



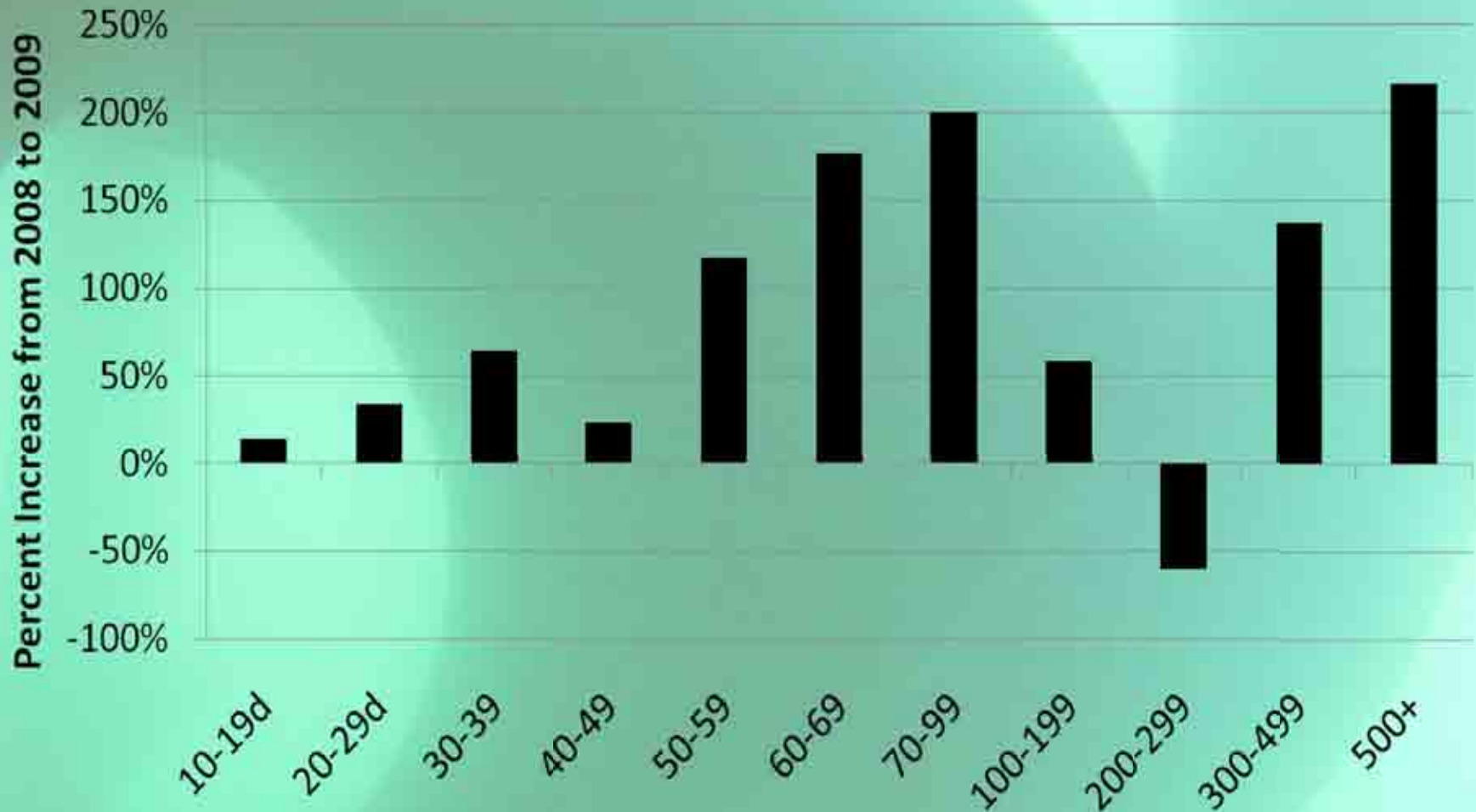
# Total Number of Extended Layups by Duration



# Percent Increase in Per Capita Extended (10+ day) Layups



# Percent Increase in Per Capita Layups of Specific Durations Reported in 2008 and 2009





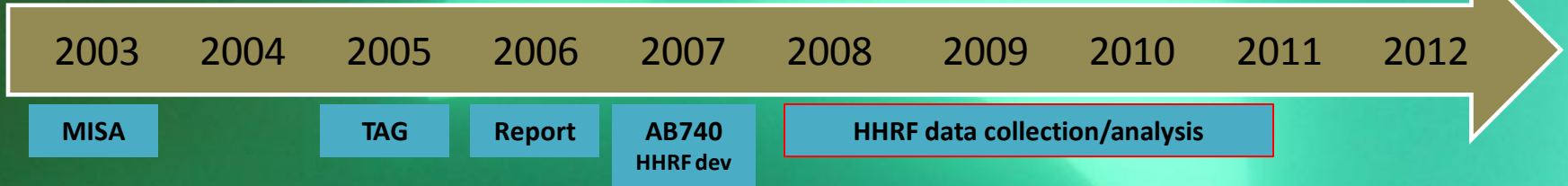
# Extended Layups Overview

- Large increase in the total number of 10+ day layups
  - 21.6% on per capita basis
  - Most pronounced in Auto Carriers (360% increase), Unmanned Barges (150%), Container Vessels (84%)
- Large increase in layups of various durations
  - Most pronounced in 500+ day, 70-99 day, and 60-69 day layups

# What the Hull is Going on With CA Fleet?

- Majority of fleet recently (2-3 years) dry docked or delivered (i.e. young AF coatings)
- Speeds and port residency times suggest potential gradient of perceived risk of fouling accumulation
- Large increases in number and duration of extended layups
  - Especially for Auto, Container vessels, Unmanned Barges

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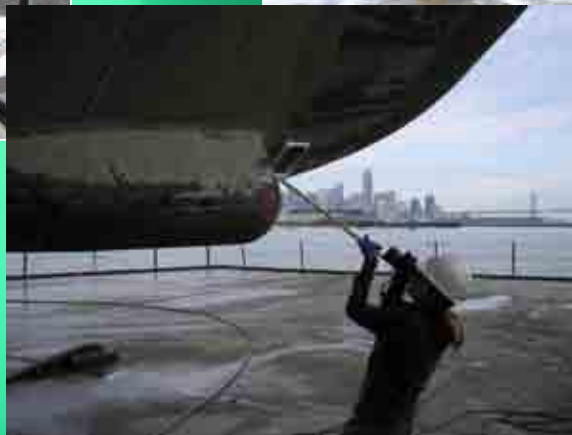
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AB740  
HHRF dev

HHRF data collection/analysis

Aquatic Bioinvasions Research and Policy Institute – Research





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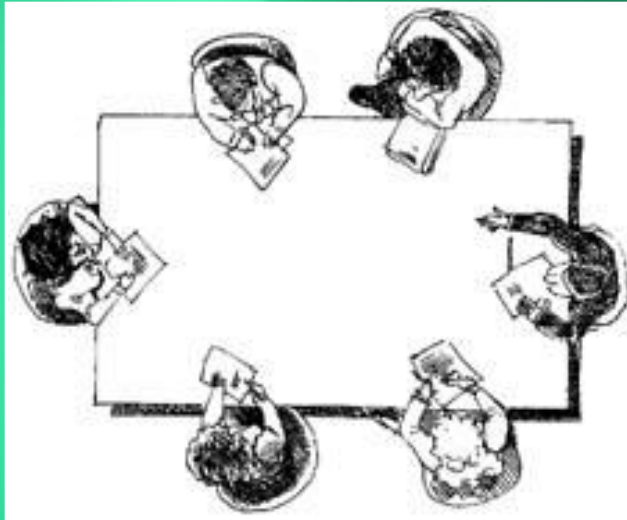
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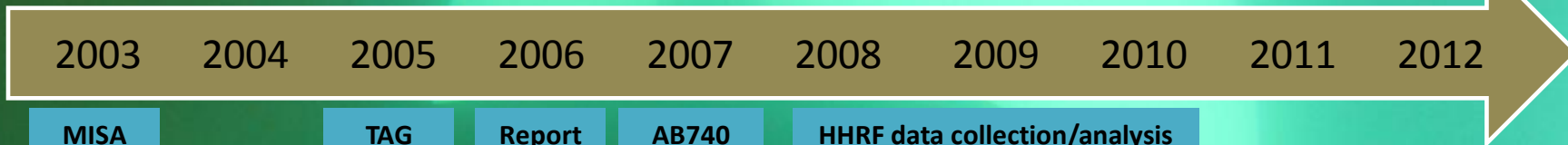
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Aquatic Bioinvasions Research and Policy Institute – Research

Technical  
Advisory  
Group



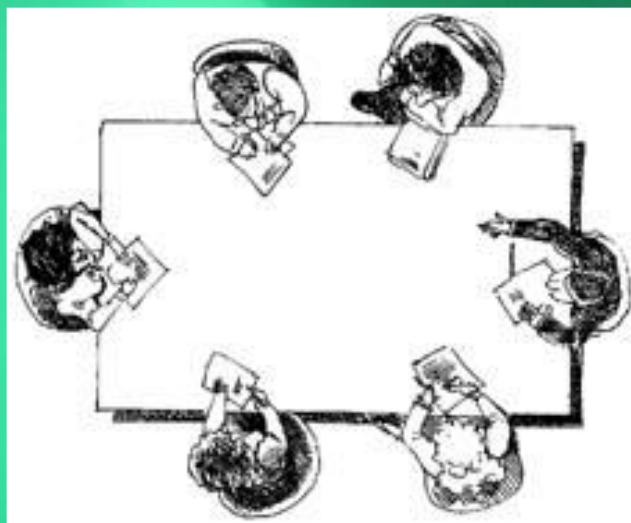
# Ship Biofouling in CA



Aquatic Bioinvasions Research and Policy Institute – Research

Technical  
Advisory  
Group

OAL  
Rulemaking





# Thank You



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